

INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO/IEC
18630

First edition
2023-11

Information technology — Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage — Quality discrimination method for optical disks and operating method of storage systems for long-term data preservation



Reference number
ISO/IEC 18630:2023(E)

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Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	2
4 Quality of optical disk	4
4.1 Types and quality indicators of optical disk (CD, DVD and BD).....	4
4.2 Lifetime estimation of optical disks.....	4
5 Recordable optical disk and drive used for long-term data preservation	5
5.1 General.....	5
5.2 Recordable optical disk used for long-term data preservation.....	5
5.3 Drive used for long-term data preservation.....	5
5.4 Combination of recordable optical disk and drive.....	5
6 Quality discrimination method for recordable optical disk	5
6.1 General.....	5
6.2 Test method.....	5
6.2.1 Preparation for test.....	5
6.2.2 Test parameters.....	5
6.2.3 Recording method of optical disk for test.....	6
6.2.4 Playback evaluation drive.....	6
6.3 Quality classification by data error testing.....	6
7 Quality test of recordable optical disk and operation of long-term storage systems	7
7.1 General.....	7
7.2 Initial quality test.....	7
7.3 Periodic quality test.....	8
8 Quality test of read-only optical disk and operation of long-term storage systems	10
8.1 General.....	10
8.2 Initial quality test.....	10
8.2.1 Preparation for test.....	10
8.2.2 Test parameters.....	10
8.2.3 Playback evaluation drive.....	10
8.2.4 Test operation.....	10
8.3 Periodic quality test.....	11
9 Handling and storage of optical disks	12
Annex A (normative) Defect management on BD recordable disk	13
Bibliography	15

Foreword

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 23, *Digitally Recorded Media for Information Interchange and Storage*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

Introduction

In the digital information society, there is no secure means for storing and accumulating rapidly growing digital information safely and on a permanent basis. There is therefore a concern that the world will face a critical situation and significant problem in the near future. Within this context, optical disks are increasingly being considered as a solution for archiving storage media with high capacity because of their unique features (such as low cost, high compatibility and low energy consumption) and more specifically, their data storage capability without power consumption.

On the other hand, the data storage performance of an optical disk often depends on the initial recording quality and storage environment conditions. Therefore, when an optical disk is used for long-term data storage, it is desirable to check its estimated lifetime and initial recording quality by using a combination of a good quality optical disk and a good quality recording drive.

For this reason, this document specifies quality discrimination criteria using the initial quality of recordable optical disks as an index. It also specifies a quality judgement method for storage systems for long-term data preservation, including the consistency of the recordable optical disks and recording drives to ensure the quality of recorded digital data. In this document, recordable (write-once) optical disks are adopted as long-term storage media to ensure the security of the stored digital data when giving greater importance to evidence, because physical overwriting and deletion by erroneous or intentional operation can be prevented.

This document is also applicable to read-only optical disks such as CD-ROM, DVD-ROM and BD-ROM, specifying the quality judgement method for long-term data preservation.

This document enables users to build data storage systems that use recordable and/or read-only optical disks for long-term data preservation. Optical disks with sufficient quality can be confirmed based on the results of the initial quality test. Through the periodic quality test described in this document, the possibility of data restoration from the optical disk can be continuously monitored. Using this document, manufacturers will be able to supply recordable and read-only optical disks incorporated with suitable recording and playback drives for building data storage systems for long-term data preservation.

In the future, it will be possible to build data storage systems using optical disks for storing and accumulating important digital information safely and on a permanent basis, for consumer use and professional use. The safe and secure progress of the digital information society towards greater sophistication can be expected.

Information technology — Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage — Quality discrimination method for optical disks and operating method of storage systems for long-term data preservation

1 Scope

This document specifies a quality discrimination method for optical disks and the operating method of storage systems for long-term digital data preservation using optical disks and optical disk drives (hereinafter referred to as "drives").

It is applicable to recordable (write-once) optical disks which can prevent physical overwriting and deletion by erroneous or intentional operation in contexts where greater importance is given to evidence. It is also applicable to read-only (ROM) optical disks.

This document specifies:

- combinations of recordable optical disks and drives used for long-term data preservation;
- quality discrimination criteria for recordable optical disks and the operation method of long-term storage systems;
- a quality test for read-only optical disks and the operation method of long-term storage systems;
- quality discrimination criteria for BD recordable disks when adopting defect management.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 10149, *Information technology — Data interchange on read-only 120 mm optical data disks (CD-ROM)*

ISO/IEC 12862, *Information technology — 120 mm (8,54 Gbytes per side) and 80 mm (2,66 Gbytes per side) DVD recordable disk for dual layer (DVD-R for DL)*

ISO/IEC 16448, *Information technology — 120 mm DVD — Read-only disk*

ISO/IEC 16449, *Information technology — 80 mm DVD — Read-only disk*

ISO/IEC 16963, *Information technology — Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage — Test method for the estimation of lifetime of optical disks for long-term data storage*

ISO/IEC 17344, *Information technology — Data interchange on 120 mm and 80 mm optical disk using +R format — Capacity: 4,7 Gbytes and 1,46 Gbytes per side (recording speed up to 16X)*

ISO/IEC 23912, *Information technology — 80 mm (1,46 Gbytes per side) and 120 mm (4,70 Gbytes per side) DVD Recordable Disk (DVD-R)*

ISO/IEC 25434, *Information technology — Data interchange on 120 mm and 80 mm optical disk using +R DL format — Capacity: 8,55 Gbytes and 2,66 Gbytes per side (recording speed up to 16X)*

ISO/IEC 18630:2023(E)

ISO/IEC 30190, *Information technology — Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage — 120 mm Single Layer (25,0 Gbytes per disk) and Dual Layer (50,0 Gbytes per disk) BD Recordable disk*

ISO/IEC 30191, *Information technology — Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage — 120 mm Triple Layer (100,0 Gbytes single sided disk and 200,0 Gbytes double sided disk) and Quadruple Layer (128,0 Gbytes single sided disk) BD Recordable disk*

ECMA-394, *Recordable Compact Disk Systems CD-R Multi-Speed*